Marazion School Skills Matrix

Reading skills should be taught when linked to projects where possible to ensure real world application.



Key Skills

Decoding
Infering and deducing
Comparing
Evaluating

English - Reading

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Reading Word	Read and understand simple sentences Use phonic knowledge to decode regular words Read regular words aloud Read some irregular words Continues a rhyming string	Apply phonic knowledge to decode words. Know 40+ phonemes and graphemes, know alternative sounds. Blend sounds accurately in unfamiliar words. Read words with suffixes, e.g, -ing. Read common tricky words. Read words with more than one syllable. Read words with contractions Read aloud accurately applying known phonic knowledge. Re-read books with fluency and confidence.	Continue to apply phonic knowledge to decode words until embedded and reading is fluent. Read accurately by blending sounds in words, especially alternative sounds. Read words with common suffixes. Read common tricky words. Read words with two or more syllables. Read frequently encountered words quickly and accurately. Read aloud books suited to improving phonic knowledge including sounding out unfamiliar words accurately. Re-read books with fluency and confidence.	Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes. Read common tricky words, noting the unusual correspondence between spelling and sound. Test out different pronunciations in longer words. Teaching should be aimed more at developing vocabulary and breadth of reading.	Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to understand the meaning of new words. Read common tricky words, noting the unusual correspondence between spelling and sound. Work out any unfamiliar words.	No direct teaching of reading word skills for almost all pupils. Work out any unfamiliar words. Pay attention to new vocabulary, meaning and pronunciation.	No direct teaching of reading word skills for almost all pupils. Read a wide range of fiction and non-fiction with different form and authors, particularly whole books, short stories, poems and plays. Re-read books to increase familiarity and provide a basis for making comparisons.
Comprehension	Demonstrate understanding when discussing what they have read Know information can come from books and computers	Listen to and discuss a wide range of texts beyond what can be read independently. Link what has been read to own experiences. Retell familiar key stories.	Listen to, discuss and express views on a wide range of texts beyond what can be read independently. Discuss the sequence of events in books and how information is related.	Increase familiarity with a wide range of books. Read books that are structured in different ways. Use dictionaries to check meaning of words.	Independently justify views about what has been read. Identify themes in a wide range of texts. Discuss words and phrases that capture a	Read books for a range of purposes. Increase familiarity with a wide range of books, including books from other cultures and traditions.	Learn new vocabulary. Make inferences referring to all aspects of the text. Know the purpose, audience and context for writing and use this knowledge to support comprehension.

Marazion School Skills Matrix

iding skills should be taught when linked to projects wh

Reading skills should b	pe taught when linked to projects where	<u> </u>				
possible to ensure real	l world application.					
	Check text makes sense. Discuss the effect of titles	Begin to use alphabetical ordered texts.	Recognise themes in a wide range of texts. Discuss words and phrases that capture a readers interest and imagination. Recognise different forms of poetry. Skim and scan a text to find information. Discuss understanding and explain meaning of words in context. Ask questions to improve understanding of a text.	readers interest and imagination. Talk about the authors purpose. Discuss understanding and explain meaning of words in context. Generate and ask questions to improve understanding of a text. Draw inferences from characters feelings, thoughts and motives for their actions. Justify this with evidence.	Recommend books to others and give reasons for this. Identify and discuss themes across a wide range of texts.	Clearly identify the writer's viewpoints and explain this with specific evidence from the text. Explain how this has an effect on the reader.
	and main events. Make predictions about the main events of a text.	Become increasingly familiar with retelling a wider range of texts. Relate stories to own				
	Talk about what they have heard and explain their understanding of this. Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.	experiences. Look at the structure of a variety of non-fiction books. Identify basic themes in a text.			Make simple comparisons across texts – characters, events, etc. Skim and scan a text to find information efficiently. Ask probing questions to	Know how figurative language, vocab choice, grammar, text structure and organizational features present meaning in a text. Evaluate this. Discuss how a writer's
		Consider the meaning of words, linking new meaning to known			improve understanding od a text.	language choices contribute to the overall effect on the reader .
		vocabulary, e.g. when adding the prefix ununhappy. Discuss	Draw inferences from characters feelings, thoughts and motives for their actions.	Predict what may happen from details stated and implied.	Make accurate predictions about what may happen from details stated and implied.	Study the setting, plot and characterization and the effect of these.
		interesting/favourite words and phrases.	Predict what may happen from details stated and implied.	Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.	Study authors in depth. Discuss and evaluate how the authors choice of	Make critical comparisons across texts. Study authors in depth.
		Understand texts by drawing on previously learnt or background information.	Identify main ideas drawn from text and summarise these. Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning. Consider the difference between facts and opinion. Know how to locate key information in non-fiction	Retrieve and record information from non-fiction. Make comparisons with texts. Know the difference between facts and opinion.	language impacts on the reader. Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion. Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction. Discuss own understanding of a text provide justification for this.	Compare and identify features used by writers from different periods.
		Check text makes sense and correct inaccurate reading.				Discuss own understanding of a text maintaining a focus on the topic and provide justification for this. Build on others view of a text and challenge ideas.
		Answer and ask questions about a text.				
		Make predictions about the main events of a text. Make inferences on the				
		basis of what has been read so far. Begin to understand the effect of words or	texts. Participate in discussions about books read to them and read by them.		Build on own and others view of a text.	
		phrases, e.g. repeated words.				